## **Slocan Valley IPMA Invasive Plant (Terrestrial and Riparian) Priority List- 2016.** This table is updated annually – contact CKISS for most current version. (\* not known in CKISS region: BC=biocontrol)

	ILIST – Prohibited species for BC. Provinci	al government takes lead role in
eatments. Report these species throu	gh Report-A-Weed app.	
<ul> <li>Black henbane*</li> <li>Common crupina*</li> <li>Common reed*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dyer's woad*</li> <li>Mouse-ear hawkweed</li> <li>Perennial pepperweed*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Squarrose knapweed*</li> <li>Syrian beancaper*</li> <li>Velvet leaf*</li> <li>Yellow starthistle*</li> </ul>
egional EDRR WATCHLIST - Not cu	rrently known in this IPMA (and may also i	
	cols. Bolded species are EDRR for the	
	<ul> <li>Gorse*</li> <li>Greater knapweed</li> <li>Hoary cress</li> <li>Leafy spurge</li> <li>Longspine sandbur*</li> <li>Marsh plume thistle</li> <li>Meadow/brown/black knapweed</li> <li>Nodding thistle*</li> </ul> IL - Species known in IPMA but with very ally. Some of these species have biocontropy Greater celandine <ul> <li>Giant hogweed</li> <li>Greater celandine</li> <li>Purple loosestrife</li> </ul>	
ONTAINMENT – Enter inventory dat	a, report and treat all sites outside contai	nment lines. Some of these species
	n be used within the containment line.	· · · · ·
<ul> <li>Himalayan blackberry (prevent from spreading north of Passmore)</li> <li>Hoary alyssum (contain to south of Passmore)</li> <li>Knotweeds (contain to sites that <b>do not</b> border natural lands, transportation corridors, or riparian areas)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rush skeletonweed (contain to junction/Krestova/Slocan Park)</li> <li>Contain to gardens cont.:         <ul> <li>Butterfly bush</li> <li>Cypress spurge</li> <li>English Ivy</li> <li>Field bindweed</li> <li>Goutweed</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Contain to gardens cont.: <ul> <li>Japanese butterbur</li> <li>Lamium/Yellow archangel</li> <li>Russian olive</li> <li>Periwinkle</li> <li>Salt cedar</li> <li>Siberian elm</li> </ul>
	E-SPECIFIC APPROACH) – Widespread	species that are beyond landscape-
evel control or have relatively low imp bjectives.	act. May have biocontrol (BC) available. Tr	reat based on land management
<ul> <li>Bull thistle (BC)</li> <li>Burdock</li> <li>Canada thistle (BC)</li> <li>Chicory</li> <li>Common tansy</li> <li>Curled dock</li> <li>Dalmatian toadflax (BC)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dame's rocket</li> <li>Diffuse knapweed (BC)</li> <li>Hairy cat's ear</li> <li>Hound's tongue</li> <li>Mullein</li> <li>Orange hawkweed</li> <li>Oxeye daisy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Spotted knapweed (BC)</li> <li>St. John's Wort (BC)</li> <li>Sulphur cinquefoil</li> <li>Yellow hawkweeds</li> <li>Yellow/common toadflax</li> </ul>
	re is a lack of information on the distribut	ion, impacts and potential for spread
nd/or control of the following species.	. Some of these species may appear in oth	er categories (since their distribution
	o appear in this category because further	
- Black locust	- Himalayan blackberry	- Wall lettuce
- Bur chervil	<ul> <li>Hoary alyssum</li> </ul>	- White cockle
- Caraway	<ul> <li>Meadow salsify</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wild carrot/Q. Anne's Lac</li> </ul>
- Coltsfoot	<ul> <li>Norway maple</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wormwood (Absinth)</li> </ul>
- Comfrey	- Plumeless thistle	- Yellow flag-iris