

## **Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee**

## **Summary of Activities, 2008**



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#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee is extremely grateful for funding contributions this year from Columbia Basin Trust, Ministry of Agriculture and Lands, Agriculture Environment Partnership Initiative, Ministry of Forests and Range, Terasen Gas, Ministry of Environment, Regional District of Kootenay Boundary, Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program, Teck, BC Hydro, FortisBC, Invasive Plant Council of BC and Atco Lumber.



































#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee (CKIPC) was formally established as a non-profit society in February 2005 with the goals of education and awareness, preventing further introduction and spread, promoting coordinated and collaborative management, working towards control/containment of highly invasive plants, providing a conduit of information, and developing and maintaining an inventory of invasive plant species. Currently, the CKIPC pursues these goals by focusing on three program areas which are education and awareness, coordination, and inventory. Some on-the-ground weed treatments were conducted this year by the Communities Pulling Together program and the CKIPC staff.

During 2008, the CKIPC provided 11 presentations to 340 people, including presentations to three City Councils, hosted the display booth at 8 events reaching over 1,000 people, held a photo contest, and hosted the 4<sup>th</sup> Annual Weed Tour in Nakusp/Fauquier. In addition, the CKIPC hosted a biocontrol workshop, an invasive aquatic species workshop, a workshop for municipal staff in Rossland, and a one-day Weeds and Roads seminar.

The CKIPC continued to develop and utilize a variety of educational outreach tools, including installing highway invasive plant signs along popular road corridors, keeping the CKIPC website (<a href="www.kootenayweeds.com">www.kootenayweeds.com</a>) current and up-to-date, maintaining the "Weed hotline", and widely distributing the revised brochure, *Invasive Plants of the Central Kootenay* and *T.I.P.S.* pamphlets. The CKIPC also issued eight press releases to the local media and distributed seven electronic newsletters to the 350+ membership.

Other coordination activities included following up on reports of isolated invasive plants or new invaders to the area (early detection and rapid response), assisting with the Nakusp weed management project, entering invasive plant data into the IAP program, maintaining the CKIPC connection with the Invasive Plant Council of BC, and continued coordination across the US border.

In 2008, the CKIPC conducted inventories (through weed reporting) on Blueweed, Siberian elm and Himalayan blackberry. As well, small infestations of Field scabious were reported, hand-pulled, and monitored in Salmo. Yellow flag iris in Bird Creek Marsh was inventoried and clipped to remove flower heads.

The Communities Pulling Together program continued its 2<sup>nd</sup> successful year in 2008. Ten groups participated, including two elementary schools, treating 4.35 hectares of high priority invasive plants.

A great opportunity for the CKIPC in 2008 was the funding available and the new staff that provided their own expertise, interest and skills to the program. With this staff change, there were also challenges with learning about the program and maintaining its momentum in 2008.

It was a successful year for the CKIPC thanks to the generosity of support and funding from many sponsors. The CKIPC's three main program focus areas of education and awareness, coordination, and inventory have laid the foundation for creating a lasting legacy in the Central Kootenay.

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Acknowledgements
Executive Summaryi
Table of Contentsii
List of Tablesiv
1.0 Introduction
Administration
Board of Directors and Staff
CKIPC Membership List2
Training Opportunities
2.0 Education and Awareness
Presentations and Events
Presentations
Display booth
Photo Contest
Fourth Annual Weed Tour4
Biocontrol Workshop for Landowners
Biocontrol Workshop for BC Parks Employees
Invasive Aquatic Species Workshop
Weeds and Roads – Ministry of Transportation
Workshop for Municipal Workers in Rossland
Publications and Outreach Tools
Brochure
Distribution of Materials
Highway Signs
Weed Hotline
Press releases
E-Newsletters
3.0 Coordination
Village of Nakusp Weed Management Project
Terasen Gas Data Entry and Mapping
Weed Reports
Landowner Visits
Provincial Coordination
4.0 Inventory and Mapping
Himalayan blackberry, Blueweed and Siberian elm inventory
Data Management
5.0 On-the-Ground Weed Management
'Communities Pulling Together' Program
Priority Site Manual Treatment
6.0 Financial Statement
In-Kind
7.0 Opportunities and Challenges
8.0 Proposed Program for 2009/1014
Appendix A: List of CKIPC Members, 2008
Appendix A. List of CKIPC Members, 2006
Appendix B. Weed Tour Agenda, 2006
Appendix C. Samples of Afficies by the CKIPC, 2006

## **LIST OF TABLES**

Table 1: Groups and locations of CKIPC presentations in 2008	3
Table 2: Events where the CKIPC display booth was hosted in 2008	
Table 3: Species and area treated by Communities Pulling Together program in the	
Central Kootenay in 2008	10
Table 4: Manual treatments conducted by CKIPC staff in 2008	
Table 5: CKIPC program revenue summary by funding agency 2008	12
Table 6: Estimated in-kind contribution to CKIPC in 2008	13
Table 7: CKIPC program expenditure summary 2008 (from Jan 1 to Dec 31, 2008)	13
Table 8: Proposed CKIPC Projects for 2009	14

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee (CKIPC) was formally established as a non-profit society in February 2005 with the goals:

- To raise awareness and educate the public, government agencies, and other land managers about invasive plants and their impacts in the area;
- To prevent the further introduction and spread of invasive plants through education and awareness, early detection and control, and coordinated integrated weed management efforts;
- To promote coordinated and collaborative management of invasive plants between agencies and land occupiers;
- To work towards the control/containment of highly invasive non-native plant species;
- To provide a conduit for information and a source of expertise on invasive plants; and
- To develop and maintain a comprehensive inventory of invasive plant species within the area of responsibility.

Currently, the CKIPC pursues these goals by focusing on three program areas which are education and awareness, coordination, and inventory. The CKIPC focuses on the Regional District of the Central Kootenay (RDCK) geographic area, as well as Areas A and B of the Regional District of the Kootenay Boundary (RDKB). The following report summarizes the activities of the CKIPC from January to December, 2008.

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Board of Directors and Staff**

The Board of Directors for 2008 (as elected at the Annual General Meeting and appointed throughout the year) include:

- o Catherine MacRae (Chair), Ministry of Forests and Range
- o John Gwilliam (Vice-Chair), Retired Wildlife Biologist
- Terry Anderson (Treasurer), Ministry of Environment
- o Allan Freeborn, Kootenay Weed Control
- Darrell Smith, Ministry of Agriculture and Lands
- Carol Bell, Regional District of Central Kootenay
- o Valerie Huff, Consulting Botanist
- o Michael Gilfillan, Kootenay Residents for Alternatives to Pesticides
- Ingrid Russell, BC Timber Sales

Staff this year included Nancie Dohan, Coordinator, and Eva Cameron, Assistant Coordinator. Eva became the Coordinator during the fall. Juliet Craig, former Coordinator, assisted with some elements of the program.

Currently, the CKIPC has an open membership policy. Any person who wishes to join the CKIPC simply needs to provide their email address to the CKIPC Coordinator. There are currently over 350 members of the CKIPC (see Appendix A for list). This year, the CKIPC developed a gmail membership list and email account to allow more than one person to access the email list and contacts.

#### **Training Opportunities**

The CKIPC staff received several training opportunities. Juliet Craig, former coordinator, provided training on the CKIPC and its programs to Nancie Dohan and Eva Cameron. In addition, Nancie Dohan attended the Invasive Plant Council of BC (IPC) Annual Forum in January. Eva Cameron attended the weed management training course offered by Dave Polster in Revelstoke in September, and the IPC Research Forum in October.

The CKIPC provided a number of training opportunities to its membership, Directors, staff and the public through presentations and workshops (see Education and Awareness section of this report).

#### 2.0 EDUCATION AND AWARENESS

One of the main program areas for the CKIPC is education and awareness. The key messages for education and awareness are that:

- 1) Invasive plants threaten our ecosystems and economy
- 2) People are the biggest source of spread of invasive plants
- 3) Prevention is the best control
- 4) The CKIPC promotes a collaborative and cooperative approach to invasive plant management in the Central Kootenay

A number of activities were undertaken in 2008 including presentations and events, and the development of outreach tools and publications.

#### Presentations and Events

#### **Presentations**

11 presentations were given to a variety of local community groups, including three City Councils. Presentations were also given as part of workshops.

Table 1: Groups and locations of CKIPC presentations in 2008

Group/Event	Location	Date	Audience
Castlegar Garden Club	Castlegar	March 4	35
Trail University Women's Club	Trail	March 12	15
Trail Communities in Bloom	Trail	March 29	50
Trail City Council	Trail	April 14	20
Castlegar Friends of Parks Society	Castlegar	April 15	25
West Kootenay Naturalists AGM	Pass Creek	April 28	60
Nakusp City Council	Nakusp	May 13	15
Friends of the Rossland Range	Rossland	May 22	40
Nelson City Council	Nelson	May 26	35
Creston Garden Club	Creston	June 26	20
Fort Shepherd Interpretive Tour	Trail	June 21	25
LV Rogers school presentation	Nelson waterfront	June 3	25
		TOTAL	340

#### **Display booth**



Hills Garlic Festival 2008

During 2008, the CKIPC display booth was hosted at eight events, including spring and fall venues. Given the invitations we received to host our display booth at a variety of venues and the cost associated with transporting and hosting the booth, the CKIPC is following a rotation schedule to ensure that the display booth will have a presence at each community in our area.

Table 2: Events where the CKIPC display booth was hosted in 2008.

Date	Event	Place	# people
April 20	Earth Day	Trail	50
May 10	Nelson Garden Fest	Nelson	205
May 17 -18	May Days	Kaslo	200
July 5	Rossland Garden Tour	Rossland	35
	Fruitvale Communities in		
June 28	Bloom Garden Tour	Fruitvale	40
September 7	Hills Garlic Fest	New Denver	269
September 6	Creston Harvest Fest	Creston	115
Sept 20	Pass Creek Fall Fair	Castlegar	160
		TOTAL	1074

#### **Photo Contest**

In order to raise awareness about invasive plants, and to add to our growing photo data base, the CKIPC hosted a photo contest again in 2008. Two categories were judged this year: "Impacted Habitats" and "Human Impacts and Invasive Plants". Prizes of \$200 for first place and \$100 for second place were offered in each category. The CKIPC website advertised the contest as well as a press release in the local papers. Fifteen photos were submitted and judged by Vogue Studio.

#### **Fourth Annual Weed Tour**

The CKIPC hosted its Fourth Annual Weed Tour on June 19th to follow up on the

success of this event in the past three years. The goals of the tour are to provide an opportunity for CKIPC members to meet and network, to share information and perspectives about invasive plants and their management, and to provide current information on invasive plants. The tour was held in the Nakusp region and focused on 'habitat resilience and susceptibility'. Many guest presenters participated (see Appendix B). The tour was offered primarily to the CKIPC membership



Knotweed ID - Weed Tour 2008

rather than publicly advertised. It began at the Slocan Junction, toured up the Slocan Valley to New Denver, Nakusp and Fauquier, and returned to the Junction. A total of 33 people attended and feedback was excellent.

#### **Biocontrol Workshop for Landowners**

Given the immense interest in biocontrol in the Central Kootenay, particularly as a form of management for spotted knapweed, the CKIPC offered a biocontrol workshop for landowners in 2008. The workshop was held in New Denver and focused on information to residents about biocontrol including the benefits and limitations, to provide maps of releases in the area, and to teach residents how to identify bioagents on their property. Only 4 people attended, probably because of the late date of the event (September 27).



#### **Biocontrol Workshop for BC Parks Employees**

The CKIPC hosted a biocontrol workshop for the Ministry of Environment's BC Parks staff. The goals of this workshop were to provide training to government staff about biocontrol agents, their identification and release site information.

#### **Invasive Aquatic Species Workshop**

Given the success of the 2007 Invasive Aquatic Species workshop offered by the CKIPC, and the reports of Eurasian water-milfoil in the Kootenai River in Idaho, the CKIPC hosted a workshop that focused on identification and management objectives of Eurasian water-milfoil and other invasive aquatic species including Curly leaf pondweed, invertebrates and quagga mussel. Tom Woolf from the Idaho State Department of Agriculture and his assistant Erin Mader, and Dave Caswell from the Christina Lake Stewardship Society shared their expertise in management, prevention and identification. It was a full-house with 30 people attending.

#### Weeds and Roads – Ministry of Transportation

On November 3, the CKIPC co-hosted along with Ministry of Transportation and the Invasive Plant Council, a workshop on invasive plant management along highway corridors. This workshop was provided to Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (MoT) staff and maintenance contractors, land managers, and others. "Roads and Weeds" was a full day training workshop developed in collaboration with the Ministry and the Invasive Plant Council of BC. It was designed to improve key roadside maintenance activities to prevent the introduction and spread of invasive plants. Practical, feasible, cost effective, and efficient tools were provided for standard roadside activities including highway surface and shoulder gravelling, highway shoulder maintenance, ditch and watercourse maintenance, vegetation control, rest area and roadside facilities maintenance, and gravel pit management. Eleven people attended.

#### Workshop for Municipal Workers in Rossland

As a result of the presentation to the Rossland City Council in fall, 2007, the City requested the CKIPC provide a workshop to train their municipal workers on invasive plant management. We provided a workshop on June 24 to highlight priority species to be aware of and to identify specific sites to time their mowing. The workshop included road edges and trail heads. Five people attended and feedback was excellent.

#### **Publications and Outreach Tools**

#### **Brochure**

With a reprint and update of 15,000 brochures in December 2007, the new brochure was widely distributed in 2008. It is a popular brochure outlining what invasive plants are, why they are a problem, what people can do, and provides information about the CKIPC and how to become a member. The brochure was made available at fairs, presentations, Communities Pulling Together events, workshops, and at a diverse variety of garden centers, farmer supply stores, coffee shops, offices and information booths.

#### **Distribution of Materials**

As well as distributing its own brochures, the CKIPC distributed the Invasive Plant Council's *T.I.P.S.* brochures and the new recreational brochures developed through the Boundary Weed Management Committee. We also continued to distribute the WeedsBC *Guide to Weeds* and *Seven Steps to Managing Your Weeds* to key groups, resource centres, or libraries.

#### Website

Our website continues to be updated and revised. More links were added this year to access resources beyond the CKIPC. The website is widely advertised in our written literature, and it is hoped that more people are making use of the site. It has been used as a template for other weed committees in the province.

#### **Highway Signs**

The highway sign project from last year was continued in 2008. This year we applied for, and successfully received, a Ministry of Transportation permit to post the invasive plant signs along the major road corridors in the Central Kootenay. We continue to generate interest and inquiries about invasive plant species with this project. 45 signs were posted during many different species of invasive plant's flowering stage. The signs were removed once the plant finished flowering.

#### **Weed Hotline**

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee "weed hotline" (1-250-352-1160) was well advertised in 2008.

The CKIPC received approximately 150 phone calls and 180 emails in 2008 with inquiries about invasive plant identification and management, membership information, and to express concerns.

#### Press releases

Eight press releases were submitted to local media papers in 2008 (see Appendix C for examples). Feature press releases included:

- Looks Can Be Deceiving (May 16, 2008)
- Pull invasive plants for money (May 28, 2008)
- A Plea to take action on invasive weeds (May 29, 2008)
- Invasive Plants Lurking in Wildflower Seed Mixes (July 11, 2008)
- Pull Invasive Plants For Cash (June 2008)
- Weeds Create A Monoculture (May 26, 2008)
- Volunteers Control Invasive Plants (June 20 2008)
- Help Snap Invasive Plants (August 2008)
- Weed Photo Contest and Highway Signs (26 July 2008)
- Aquatic Invaders In the West Kootenay (October 2008)
- Weed Photo Contest Winners (4 November 2008)

These were sent to (and printed by many) local papers including the Kootenay Express, Pennywise, Nelson Daily News, Trail Times, Castlegar News, Arrow Lakes News, Valley Voice, Creston Valley Advance, and the Kootenay Weekender.

#### **E-Newsletters**

Eight e-newsletters to CKIPC membership were written and emailed throughout the year. Each email included:

- Current CKIPC Projects (an update on what activities the CKIPC is involved in)
- What's happening? (Calendar of Events)
- Did you know? (Current information on invasive plants)
- Weed of the Week (a profile of an invasive plant species)

A new section was added to the e-newsletter this year on 'interesting reading' (current papers and publications on invasive plants).

#### 3.0 COORDINATION

#### Village of Nakusp Weed Management Project

Following a presentation to the Nakusp Village Council, the Village applied for funding to the Job Opportunity Program to manually treat weeds in the town. The CKIPC provided expertise to identify priority sites and information on best management practices for each plant species.

#### Terasen Gas Data Entry and Mapping

The CKIPC received funds from Terasen Gas to enter their inventory data. We entered data from 2003 and onward. As well, we used Touchstone GIS Services to develop polygons along the right-of-way. Polygon files were provided to Ministry of Forests and Range to upload into the Province-wide Invasive Alien Plant Program database.

#### Weed Reports

Another form of coordination was following up on reports of rare or isolated patches of invasive plants in the area. The three focus species for 2008 included: Himalayan blackberry, Siberian elm, and Blueweed. A 'Weed Report' poster was created and widely distributed for these three species. If a site was reported an inventory record was filled in and entered into the IAPP database.

# Bluewed. Keem only in Creator and the Company of these plants Bluewed. Keem only in Creator and the Company of the See plants Bluewed. Keem only in Creator and the Company of the See plants of the Company of the Co

#### Landowner Visits

Some Consultation with landowners who requested support were conducted to help determine whether the landowners had

biological controls present on their property and what other management practices they could implement to control invasive plants. We provided consultations in the Salmo area, Rossland. New Denver and the Winlaw areas.

#### **Provincial Coordination**

The CKIPC Coordinator represented the CKIPC on a broader level (primarily Provincial) to ensure that current information is brought to the Central Kootenay and that the concerns and issues of the Central Kootenay are brought to the Province. The CKIPC Coordinator participated in a number of meetings including:

- Invasive Plant Council of BC (IPC) Forum and AGM (Richmond January)
- IPC Communications Committee tele-conference (March and November)
- Invasive Plant Council of BC (IPC) Forum and Coordinators meeting (Richmond
   October)

#### 4.0 INVENTORY AND MAPPING

#### Himalayan blackberry, Blueweed and Siberian elm inventory

The three focus species for 2008 included: Himalayan blackberry, Siberian elm, and Blueweed. Three of these species were advertised using press releases, posters and the e-newsletters. A 'Weed Report' poster was created and widely distributed for these three species. Most of the inventory was done on a reporting basis, rather than systematically driving road systems. If a site was reported, an inventory record was filled in and entered into the IAPP database.

Himalayan blackberry was found primarily in the Castlegar and Crawford Bay areas. Because it was initially reported in these areas, the CKIPC conducted an inventory in these regions. Twelve Himalayan blackberry sites were identified.

There were no reports for Siberian elm and no inventory was conducted.

Three new sites of Blueweed were reported and Frances Swan conducted an inventory of these sites. She filled in IAPP site forms and provided them to the CKIPC to enter into IAPP. Eleven new Blueweed sites were inventoried.

Other inventory records were filled in to follow up on weed reports and as these sites were encountered. These included 3 Scotch broom, 2 Field scabious, 3 Yellow flag iris, 2 Scentless Chamomile, 3 Hoary cress, and 2 Hoary alyssum sites, 5 Policeman's helmet sites, 1 Babies breath site.



#### Data Management

Provincial inventory standards were used to complete a 'Site and Inventory Record' for each site. Data were entered into the IAP program at the end of the field season.

#### 5.0 ON-THE-GROUND WEED MANAGEMENT

Generally, the CKIPC does not generally conduct on-the-ground weed management. However, the CKIPC has been involved in some on-the-ground management that includes an educational component.

#### 'Communities Pulling Together' Program



Bird Creek Marsh Community Pull

In 2008, the Communities Pulling Together (CPT) program was continued. Built on success from 2007, the CPT program encourages community groups to commit three hours to manual treatment of a high priority invasive plant site. The program includes an introduction to invasive plants, information on identification and appropriate treatment methods disposal. In recognition of the group's efforts, they receive a \$250 honorarium, t-shirts (with the Communities Pulling Together logo), refreshments, invasive plant ID key chains, and other invasive plant related items.

The CKIPC facilitated ten community pulling events to a variety of groups (see Table 3). Species of focus included Scotch broom, Yellow flag iris, Policeman's helmet, knotweed, meadow and spotted knapweed, and Hoary alyssum. Sites were selected early in the season and matched with interested community groups. More tools were purchased and more t-shirts were produced. The program receives excellent feedback from participants and helps to raise awareness about invasive plants in the Central Kootenay.



Kaslo Community Pull 2008

Table 3: Species and area treated by Communities Pulling Together program in the Central Kootenay in 2008.

Event #	Group	Site (Class of Land)	Species treated	# people	# Hrs	# ppl hours	# ha treated	# bags filled
		Centennial	Japanese					
		trailhead, Rossland	knotweed, hoary		0.05	00.75	4-	40 "
1	Rossland Radio	(City of Rossland)	alyssum	11	3.25	33.75	.45	12+ pile
	Castlegar Friends of							
	Parks and Trails	Kootenay Gallery	Scotch broom ,	4.0	0.5	0.5		10 + 4
2	Society	(City of Castlegar)	hoary alyssum	10	3.5	35	.4	trucks
		Columbia and						
		Western Rail Trail	Meadow	4.0	0.5	45.5	_	4.5
3	Castlegar Mom's Group	(Crown Land)	knapweed	13	3.5	45.5	.5	45
		Oasis wetland	Policeman's			00		400
4	Castlegar Garden Club	(Utility Corridor)	helmet	11	3	33	.3	109
		Kaslo R – North	Scotch broom,					
_		Trail	burdock,		_			
5	Kaslo Trailblazers	(Village of Kaslo)	knapweed	20	3	60	.3	40+pile
	Kaslo Area Youth	Kaslo Bay	Scotch broom,		_			
6	Council	(Village of Kaslo)	hoary alyssum	10	3	30	.4	3 trucks
	Freedom Quest Youth	Meldeanna Pond						
7	Services	(Crown land)	Yellow flag iris	6	3.5	21	.2	16
		Erie Lake						
8	Salmo Streamkeepers	(Crown land)	Yellow flag iris	12	4	48	.8	20
		Bird Creek Marsh	Purple					
		(Crown land/ utility	loosestrife,					
9	Blewett Elementary	corridor)	Yellow flag iris	26	3	78	.8	14
		Creston, Kid Creek						
		Rest area	Hoary alyssum,					
		(Transportation	Common Tansy,					
10	Erickson Elementary	right-of-way)	burdock	23	2.5	57.5	.2	20
								286 + 7
						==		trucks
			TOTAL	142	32.5	441.75	4.35	+ piles





#### **Priority Site Manual Treatment**

Some small weed infestations were pulled by CKIPC staff this year. In Salmo, we pulled and monitored field scabious on Airport and Porcupine Roads over the season and conducted a door-to-door campaign to private land owners in the areas to manage this plant. We also disposed of field scabious that a volunteer pulled on the rail grade trail in Salmo. A new site in front of the Salmo golf course was hand pulled and inventoried, indicating a further spread of this invasive species.

Inventory and flower head cutting of Yellow flag iris sites in the Bird Creek Marsh area was conducted in early summer by Eva Cameron.

Species	Site	Class of Land	Area Treated
Field scabious	Airport Road	Transportation right- of-way	.8 HA
Field scabious	Porcupine Road	Transportation right- of-way	.4
Field scabious	Old Railgrade & highway edge	Transportation right- of-way	.2
Field scabious	Salmo golf course	Transportation right- of-way	.001
Yellow flag iris	Bird Creek Marsh	Crown and utility corridor	.4
		TOTAL	2.201

#### **6.0 FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

Funding for the 2008-09 fiscal year was generously provided by numerous agencies (see Table 5). Some of this funding was project specific (e.g. education, community pulling program, inventory) while other funding was for general committee activities.

Table 5: CKIPC program revenue summary by funding agency 2008

Agency	Funding Contributi on 2008	Funding Receive d in 2008	Type of Funding
Ministry of Agriculture and	\$14,200	\$14,200	Seed
Lands			
Columbia Basin Trust	\$16,000	\$14,400	Education and Community Pulling
Agriculture Environment Partnership Initiative (AEPI)	\$10,000	\$9,000	Education and awareness
Ministry of Forests and Range	\$8,000	\$8,000	Many activity areas
Ministry of Environment	\$2,000	\$2,000	Biocontrol workshop with BC Parks
Regional District of Kootenay	\$2,000		Education and awareness
Boundary			
BC Hydro	\$2,000	\$2,000	Weed Tour
Teck Cominco	\$2,000	\$2,000	Community Pulling
Terasen Gas	\$1,800		Inventory data entry
Fortis BC	\$1,500	\$1,500	Education
Invasive Plant Council	\$700	\$700	MOT Weeds and Roads workshop
Atco Lumber Products	\$250	\$250	Education
TOTAL FUNDS	\$60,450		
COMMITTED			
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		\$54,050	

As well, funding commitments from 2007 that were received (or owe) in 2008 include IASPP (\$3530), Teck (\$2000), Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program (\$2500), and AEPI (\$500).

#### In-Kind

A number of agencies and companies provided in-kind services this year, including:

- Ministry of Environment (board member and treasurer, use of meeting rooms, photocopying, laminating, colour printing)
- Ministry of Forests and Range (Chair and board members, photocopying, printing, carpooling to meetings, storage, IAPP training)
- Ministry of Agriculture and Lands (board members, booklets and materials, Guide to Weeds and 7 Steps to Managing Your Weeds books)
- Kootenay Weed Control (board member)
- Columbia Power Corporation (catering)
- Castlegar City Hall (use of council chambers for meeting)
- Regional District of Central Kootenay (board member and use of meeting room)
- Vogue Studios (judging weed photo contest)
- Numerous agencies (participating and presenting at annual weed tour and CKIPC meetings)

Table 6: Estimated in-kind contribution to CKIPC in 2008.

Category	Estimated In-Kind Contribution
Contract Services	\$930
Human Resources	\$12,600
Materials and Supplies	\$480
Printing and Production Costs	\$100
Travel and Field Expenses	\$1,600
Grand Total	\$15,710

Table 7: CKIPC program expenditure summary 2008 (from Jan 1 to Dec 31, 2008)

Activity	Expenditures*
Education and Awareness	\$37,144
Management and Coordination	\$16,240
Inventory	\$3,026
On-the-Ground (Community Pulling)	\$12,513
Administration	\$7,351
Total	\$76,274

<sup>\*</sup> Note that GST was not included in the above expenditures; Inventory includes data management (entering data into IAPP); Community Pulling could be considered "on-the-ground".

#### 7.0 OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES

A great opportunity for the CKIPC in 2008 was the funding available. Since the CKIPC had funds in the bank at the beginning of the season, time could be spent planning activities, writing proposals, and coordinating the CKIPC program. Another opportunity was the new staff who provided their own expertise, interest and skills to the program, although there were also challenges with learning about the program and maintaining its momentum in 2008.

An area where the CKIPC is hoping to place more focus in future years is on on-the-ground management. The intention of the first few years of the CKIPC was to focus on education and awareness. When the CKIPC formed in 2005, there was little awareness about invasive plants in the region. The CKIPC is proud of its achievements to bring invasive plants to the forefront in the region. The next phase of the CKIPC will be to spend more time with the coordination of on-the-ground management and treatments.

#### 8.0 PROPOSED PROGRAM FOR 2009/10

The CKIPC is excited about the proposed programs for the upcoming year. Eva Cameron, the new Coordinator, brings skills as a landscape designer, on-the-ground management, and a passion for invasive plant management.

Table 8: Proposed CKIPC Projects for 2009.

Projects for 2009/10	Description
•	-
Communities Pulling Together	Target Priority Species sites with stewardship, non profit groups
"Schools Pulling Together"	Presentations/workshops in schools, stewardship of
School program Education and school yard site pulls	schoolyard or close green spaces
Education and school yard site pulls	Resources packages in both English and French for classroom use before and after presentations
RDCK & RDKB landfill staff training	No tip fee program guidelines-bagging and Invasive Plant ID
Plant Profiles	Develop more and categorize from 2008 plant priority list
Invasive Aquatics workshop	More detailed Aquatic Invasives ID
Invasive Aquatics Web site page and ID cards	Develop Invasive aquatics web page
Tros one page and 12 carde	IPCBC applying for IPP grant to develop invasive aquatic cards for all committees to order
Invasive highway sign program	Engage members to manage signs in their communities Add Hoary alyssum and Blueweed to labels
Mapping and education tools to MoTH contractors	Field ID cards of priority plants based Juliet's maps and lists developed for and MoTH
Workshops for Trails Societies, Garden Clubs and Naturalist groups	Workshops: inventory and mapping tools and Best Management tools for species they may be controlling
Library displays	Spring library displays and workshop at libraries in region
Inventory	Siberian Elm
Field trials of Ecological	Try different methods of management: Sheet mulching,
management: Knotweed , Orange	solarization, vinegar, boiling water, Nitrogen, goats or
and Yellow hawkweed	sheep grazing. Couple in Winlaw area interested in participating
Best Management Practices for	How to develop a Weed Management Plan for
Municipalities and Public Works	City/Municipal staff Education tools- Id keychains, poster for
crews	lunch rooms
Garden Centre workshops, training	Staff training: Invasive Ornamentals and recommended
Based on IPCBC Nursery Trades	replacements
campaign	-engage nurseries to advertise replacement plants for invasives in their displays -provide replacement profile
	handouts
Biological Control releases / workshops, biocontrol collection	Hound's Tongue in Fruitvale and Rossland
Booth at fairs etc	Nelson Garden Festival, Creston Garden Conference, Hills Garlic Festival, Pass Creek Fall Fair
Brochures distributed	Dentists and Doctors offices, Realtors-contact realty board, re-stock other venues, Invasive posters up at all nurseries,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

	T.I.P.S I brochure included with hunting and fishing licences, Re-stock other carriers
Management Workshops for private landowners	Workshops for ecological and herbicidal, biological management choices for private land owners
8-10 Articles in local news	"Contaminated Hay, stop the spread" "Garden Invasives and Replacement choices" 'Report a Weed"- "Communities Pulling Together" Advertise program "What is an Invasive Plant?" explain sign program
Presentations to RDCK and RDKB and municipalities	
Cross border collaboration	Control and signage, attend meetings and workshops

## **APPENDIX A: LIST OF CKIPC MEMBERS, 2008**

Name Company
Al Dawson RDCK Director

Al Harvey

Al McLeod BC Hydro

Al Pollard BC Timber Sales
Al Skakun BC Timber Sales

Alan Stanley Regional District of Kootenay Boundary

Albert and Isabel Brunham

Alison Dueck

Washington State Noxious Weed Control Board

Brunham Farm Greenhouse

Allan Freeborn Kootenay Weed Control

Allison Millham

Alison Halpern

Alynn McKenzie

Amy Ferriter US Department of Agriculture, Idaho

Amy White

Andrea Eastham Northwest Invasive Plant Council

Andrea Galloway

Andrea Vienneau Atco Wood Products
Andy Shadrack RDCK Director

Angela Price

Angela Vandenberg

Angus Glass Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program

Anita Vibe Edgewood Teacher
Annette Reed Green By Nature

Anton Smith

April Anderson Barb Houston

Barb Marshall

Barb Stewart Boundary Weed Management Committee

Barb Yeomans Slocan Valley Garden Club

Barbara Bergner

Barbara Murdoch

Barry Janzen Selkirk College

Becky Brown BC Ministry of Agriculture and Lands

Betsy Naysmyth

Bill Duncan TeckCominco Metals Ltd.

Bill Laflin Tembec

Bill Micklethwaite

Bob Ortega Hawkins Farm Bob Westcott BC Hydro

Bonnie Heather Rose

Brad Bluemer Bonner County Weed Department

Brad Wright FortisBC

Brenda Brucker

Brenda LaCroix Christina Lake Stewardship Society

Brenda Villeneuve

Brent Bailey Ministry of Transportation - Area Manager - Nelson

Brian Davies Quad Squad (Creston ATV Club)

Brian Wikeem

Bruce Enns Delphinium Holdings Inc.

Bruce Henrie

Name Company

Bruce Lintott Ministry of Transportation - Area Manager - Nakusp

Bruce Martin Bryan McGowan

Bryan Teasdale Montrose

C B Watsu

Cam Leitch Pope & Talbot

Cam Smart

Carey and Nancy Bagg

Carl Withler Ministry of Agriculture

Carla Fraser

Carla Haegele

Carol Bell Regional District of Central Kootenay

Carolyn Amantea

Carolyn T

Catherine Macrae Ministry of Forests and Range

Earth Matters

Chris Beers CCRIFC
Chris Beiber Farmer in Ymir

Chris Bullock

Chris Luke Jr. Lower Kootenay Band

Christie Magaton

Cindy Hall Land Conservancy, The

Claire Cantrell

Colin Spence Ministry of Environment

Colleen Matt Earth Matters

Connie Herman Ministry of Forests - Arrow Boundary

Craig Sapriken Hay Maintenance
Craig Stemmler Atco Wood Products

Cucuil Stedmann

Curtis Wullum Lower Kootenay Band

Cyril Colonel

D Hahne

D Merrinan Castlegar Garden Club

D Underhill

Dale Anderson Ministry of Forests - Kootenay Lake District

Dan Armstrong

Dan Henrie

Dan Reiben

Dan Rodlie Communities in Bloom

Dan Schnieder

Danielle Power

Darlene St. Jacques

Darrell Smith Ministry of Agriculture and Lands

Dave Caswell

Dave Heagy BC Parks

Dave Palidwor

Dave Ralph Ministry of Agriculture and Lands

**David Beringer** 

Name Company David DeRosa BC Hydro

David Oosthuizen

David Perehudoff Trail
David Spata CPR

David Varty David Yole

Dawn at Work Wrangler Ministry of Forests and Range

Dawn Hanna Greater Vancouver Invasive Plant Committee

Dawn Wrangler

Dean Den Beisen BC Hydro

Dean Eastman Creston Dyking District

Deb MacKillop

Deborah Pohorski Yosodhara Ashram

Delta Fay Cruickshank Thyme for Rosemary (Yahk)
Denise McLean Northwest Invasive Plant Council

Dennis & Deb Stefanik

Dennis Meier Northeast Invasive Plant Council
Dennis Ostgaard Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation

Derek Lepsoe Castlegar Garden Club Diane Luchtan Laird Creek Essentials

Don Low Ministry of Agriculture - Creston

Donna Falat Ministry of Transportation - Southern Interior

Doug and Joan Green

Doug Pickard FortisBC

Doug Thorburn Kalesnikoff Lumber

Duane Holder

Duke Guthrie Idaho Weed Program

Dusty Cooper DJ Silviculture/ Integrated Vegetatoin Management Association of BC

Earth Matters

**EcoSociety** 

Ed and Hazel Baynon West Kootenay Naturalists

Elizabeth Scarlett

Emily Nilsen The Land Conservancy

Erika Woker

Erle McQuary

Eva Cameron Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee

Eva Durance

Eva Johansson Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program - Columbia Basin

Eva Schindler

Evan McKenzie

Eve Ruttle

Evert and Guelly Carlson Castlegar Garden Club

F Maika

Fiona Mackay Celgar

Frances Swan Pope & Talbot

Name Company Frank Fowler Selkirk College

Frank Nixon Frank Pouw

Fred Hughes Ministry of Transportation Freyjou Manyskies Castlegar Garden Club

Gabriela Wolf

Gail Wallin Invasive Plant Council of BC Gary and Sharon Leliot West Kootenay Naturalists

Gary Birch BC Hydro

Georama Growers
Castlegar Garden Club

Gerda Van Horne Gerry Nellestijiin

Gerry Vakenti Ministry of Environment

Gillian Sanders Bear Aware

Glen Carlson

Glenn Olleck Ministry of Transportation

Gord Davis Grand Forks Stock Breeders Association

Gord de Rosa RDKB Director Grainger, Maureen FortisBC

Grant Trower Friends of Lardeau River

Hanne Smith

Harry Quesnel Hazel Calder

Heather Burns Slocan Valley Trails Society/ Farmer/ Woodlot owner

Heather Lawrence

**Heather Myers** 

Heidi Scott Trail Horsemen's Society

Holly and Chris

Hugh Eberle Ministry of Transportation - Area Manager - Trail

Ilona Grymonpre

Ingrid Russell BCTS
Irene Bridge Individual

Irene Manley Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program - Columbia Basin

Irme Mende

Isaac Saban Rossland Trails Society
Jack Richardson Village of Warfield

Jackie Morris Columbia Mountains Institute

Jakob Dulisse

James Baxter Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program

Jan Rice Pend Oreille County Noxious Weed Control Board

Jane Perry Invasive Plant Council of BC

Janis Dahlen

Jason Roesch

Jean and Keith Merrit

Jean Rainbow Castlegar Garden Club

Jeanette Lee West Kootenay Herb Growers Coop

Jeff Burrows Ministry of Environment

Jen Vogel

Jennie Barron Kootenay Citizens Against Pesticides

Name Company Jennifer Frumento FortisBC

Jennifer Yeow Slocan StreamKeepers

Jenny Mingo Terasen Gas

Jerald Weaver

Jill Stewart Kootenay Residents Against Pesticides (KCAP)

Jim McFarlane Jim Robertson

Jo-Ann Fox Joan Fulton Joan Snyder

Joan Snyder West Kootenay Naturalists
Jodi Romyn Invasive Plant Council of BC
Joe Pierre Lower Kootenay Band

Joe Snopek

John Dooley City of Nelson

John Friesen Regional District of North Okanagan

John Gwilliam Retired Wildlife Biologist/ CKIPC Vice-Chair

John Kettle RDCK

John Krebs Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program

John MacLean RDKB Areas A & B

Jolene Raggett

Joseph Kennedy North Okangan Regional District

Josie Todd

Judi Morton

Judith Sandon Museum

Judy Edge Former Weed Inspector
Julia Beatty Ministry of Environment
Julia Sauter Castlegar Garden Club

Julianne Leekie IPCBC

Juliet Craig

K.Linda Kivi

Karen and Bill Guse Karen Hamling Karole Schiesser

Katherine Enns Delphinium Holdings Inc.

Kathryn Bourdon

Kathryn Martell Land Conservancy, The

Keith Shipke

Keleegh Sinclaire

Kelvin

Kevin Dalgarno BC Hydro/ BCTC

Kevin Giles BC Parks

Kevin Greenleaf Kootenai Tribe of Idaho

Kevin Paterson East Kootenay Weed Committee

Khojic & Roshani Lang

Kim Wright

Kip Demmings Ministry of Transportation - Area Manager - Creston

Name Company

Kristine Sacenieks Ministry of Forests - Kootenay Lake District

Kyla Hanna Lainey Benson

Larry Doell

Larry La Casse Ministry of Forests, DAB
Larry Rast Creston Valley Beef Growers

Lawrence Kump

Leanne Reitan Selkirk College

Leona Ashcroft Communities in Bloom

Leslie Kristoff Terasen Gas

Leslie Leitch

Leslie MacDonald Ministry of Agriculture and Lands

Lin Gracewood

Linda Szymkowiak West Kootenay Naturalists

Linda Van Damme

Lisa Datchkoff Golder Associates

Lisa Larson

Lisa Mose Weed Warrior program, East Kootenay

Lisa Scott

Llewellyn Matthews Columbia Power Corporation

Lois Anderson

Loretta Nichols Pend Oreille County Noxious Weed Control Board

Lorne Ostendorf Creston Valley Beef Growers

Lorraine Friessen Creston Valley Beef Growers Association

Lynn Westcott

Lynne Atwood

Marc-André Beaucher Creston Valley Wildlife Management Area

Marcia Braundy

Marco Marrello BC Hydro

Marianne and Wayne Hurlbert

Mark Schwarzlaender University of Idaho

Marlene Johnston

Marlene Machmer Pandion Ecological Research

Marvin Work

Maryann McDonaugh

Matt Pommer

Maureen DeHaan BC Hydro

Maureen Mitchell Mauriah Dunan

McKeney

Meghan Stewart

Mel Gardner Creston Valley Beef Growers

Michael Gilfillan Kootenay Citizens for Alternatives to Pesticides

Michael Keefer

Michael Nasmyth

Mike Geisler Geisler Consulting

Mike Hofer Fraser Valley Regional District

Mike McMillin

Mike Simpson Invasive Plant Council/ Cariboo Chilcotin Coast Invasive Plant Committee

Name Company

Miles Palmer Monica Chen Morgan Traverse

Murial and John Walton Kootenay Mountaineering Club

Nancie Dohan

Nancy & Peter Macek

Nichole Prichard

Nicole Pressey Ministry of Environment Nikki White Castlegar Garden Club Nora Jukes Castlegar Garden Club

Pamela Wik

Pamela Zevit Greater Vancouver Invasive Plant Council

Pascale Gibeau Delphinium Holdings

Pat Cutts CanFor (Slocan Forest Products)

Pat Mitchell

Patricia Munts Spokane County

Paul Craig West Kootenay Eco Society

Paul Peterson RDCK Director Paula Vaananen Selkirk College

Penny Clarke Slocan Valley Streamkeepers

Percy Folkard Ministry of Forests - Southern Interior

Peter Bartyl

Petra Bauer Morganfelt Consulting

Phil D

Pierre Dupont Slocan Valley Heritage Trails Society

Pierre Raymond Terra Erosion

Rachel Darvill Wildsight

Rachel Holt Ralph Lunn

Ramona Maddix Regional District of Central Kootenay

Reinhard Trautmann

Rian Hill

Richard Green BC Wildlife Federation/ West Kootenay Outdoorsman

Rick Fillmore Rita Moir Rob Davidson Rob Neigel

Rob Shiell Fauquier Community Club Robert Fox West Kootenay Naturalists

Robin Irvine

Rod and Lynne Yaremkewich

Roland Deluca

Ron Brey & Claire Contrell

Ron Campbell Rossland

Ron Walker

Rose DeClercke-Floate Agriculture and Agri-Foods Canada

Ross Clarke Fish and Wildlife Compensation Program - Columbia Basin

Name Company

Sandra Donohue Castlegar Garden Club

Sandy Beetstra

Sangita Sudan Integrated Land Management Bureau Sarah Johnston Quad Squad (Creston ATV Club)

Sean Slimmon BC Timber Sales

Sharon Laughlin Yaqa Nuki Friendship Society
Sheila Street Columbia Power Corporation

Slocan Lake Stewardship Society Slocan Lake Garden Society

Stacey Barker Fraser Valley Regional District

Stefan Himmer

Stephan Martineau

Stephanie Daniels Ministry of Transportation (Yahk)

Stephanie Louie

Stephanie Sweet Hound's Tongue Project - Creston

Steve Arndt

Steve Cutt

Steve Hilts Teck Cominco Metals Ltd.

Stu McPhee

Sue Crowley Ministry of Environment

Sue Paterson

Susan Hulland Kootenay Native Plants Tamara Claxton 1ST Valhalla Girl Guides

Terry Anderson Ministry of Environment, BC Parks

Terry Arnot

Terry McNabb

The Deanes

Thomas Haukaas Selkirk College student

Thyra Smyrl

Tim Campbell

Tim Dueck Regional District of Kootenay Boundary

Tim Singer Meadow Creek Cedar Ltd.

Tim Thurston Selkirk College

Tom & Lyn Lewis

Tom Bradley

Tom Prior West Kootenay Eco Society

Tom Woolf USDA

Toni Hayward

Trevor Oussoren BC Hydro

Tricia Rasku

Trisaa Easson Castlegar Garden Club

Trish Sutherland

Ursula & Jim

Ursula Lowrey Friends of West Kootenay Parks
Val Miller Ministry of Forests - Provincial

Valerie Clouston

Valerie Huff Consultant

Vera Truant

Verena Shaw

Verna Keraiff Castlegar Garden Club

Name Company

Vince Morrelli Fruitvale

Walter Linder

Werner Baliko Ministry of Forests - Arrow Boundary District

Werner H Willard Taylor

Willard Taylor Teck Cominco Metals Ltd.

Wyatt Peebles Zoe McGovern

## **APPENDIX B: WEED TOUR AGENDA, 2008**

## "Habitat Susceptibility and Resilience"

4<sup>th</sup> Annual Weed Tour of the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee, 2008

#### NOTE THAT SPACE IS LIMITED THIS YEAR. PLEASE PRE-REGISTER!

8am - Carpoolers (from Castlegar, Trail, Nelson, etc.) meet at Slocan Valley Junction Park and Ride (just up Slocan Valley at car parking area on left). Even if your car is full, please meet here as we will have a van to transport people for the rest of the day.

8:30am- Carpoolers meet at Winlaw at the parking area across from the gas station and kitty corner from Cedar Creek Café.

9am - Carpoolers (from Kaslo, Silverton, New Denver) meet in New Denver at Centennial Park at the end of 3<sup>RD</sup> Avenue, past Josephine.

**10am** Nakusp Meet and Greet at Nakusp Arena, 2<sup>ND</sup> street at 8<sup>TH</sup> Avenue.

**Weed Tour Stops** 

Time	Location	Topic(s)	Resource Person	Weeds to ID
10am	Nakusp Arena (2 <sup>nd</sup> St. and 8 <sup>th</sup> Ave.)	Welcome and Introductions	Catherine Macrae (CKIPC Chair)	
			Eva Cameron (CKIPC Asst. Coordinator)	
10:15	Esso Station at Highway 23 and Highway 6 junction	Overview of weeds in this region – MoFR 2006 inventory and management history	Catherine Macrae & Val Miller & Werner Baliko? (MoFR) & Paul Peterson? (RDCK)	Scotch broom, Japanese knotweeed, hoary alyssum, oxeye daisy, sulphur cinquefoil, yellow hawkweed, burdock, Himalayan blackberry,
		Knotweeds in the Pacific Northwest – identification and habitat susceptibility	Linda Wilson (MAL)	black locust
10:45	Drive by: Nakusp on Broadway	Invasive Ornamentals		Black locust , Japanese knotweed, Scotch broom
11:00	Pull-out 6km south of Nakusp on West side of Highway 6.	Wetlands and habitat resilience and management	Terry Anderson (MoE)	Yellow flag iris, burdock, yellow hawkweed
		Predicting habitat susceptibility by BEC	Deb MacKillop (MoFR)	
11:30	Drive to Fauquier			Hawkweeds, wild carrot, burdock
12:00	Fauquier	Purple loosestrife biocontrol	Val Miller	Purple loosestrife
		Managing corridors for spread – highways	Al Planiden (MoTH)	
		Communities Pulling Together	Eva Cameron	
12:30pm	Fauquier	LUNCH (provided) Trivia Quiz	The Mushroom Addition	

## "Habitat Susceptibility and Resilience"

4<sup>th</sup> Annual Weed Tour of the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee, 2008

1:15	Fauquier Golf Course at boat launch area	Knapweed identification and biocontrol	Linda Wilson and Val Miller	Brown/Meadow and spotted knapweeds, sulphur cinquefoil, Canada thistle,
		Habitat resilience and susceptibility	Deb MacKillop	hawkweeds, St. Johns wort, burdock
		Eurasian water-milfoil: Weed to watch for	Terry Anderson	
	Fauquier to Nakusp To Be Determined	Look for hawkweed site	Linda Wilson	Yellow and orange hawkweeds
3:00	Nakusp - 1 <sup>St</sup> Street off of Nelson Ave on South side.	Wildflower seed mix and update on Invasive ornamentals	Eva Cameron	Blueweed, hoary alyssum, oxeye daisy
		Rangeland impacts	Local Person? Rob Sheill?	
		Next steps?		
		Suggestions for the CKIPC and future management	Discussion	
3:45	Nakusp	Wrap up Evaluation forms	Catherine and Eva	
4:00	Tour ends. Vans drive back to Slocan Valley junction			

Special thanks to all our funders for Education in 2008











## APPENDIX C: SAMPLES OF ARTICLES BY THE CKIPC, 2008.

## Pull invasive plants for money

Community groups can earn a \$250 honorarium and help to reduce ecologi-

cal impacts of invasive plants.

Communities Pulling Together encourages community groups to become local stewards by controlling invasive plants at a high priority invasive plant site in their area with the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee.

Invasive plants are introduced, nonnative plant species that take over the landscape. Because they arrive in Canada without natural predators to control them, they choke out native plants, threaten biodiversity, affect agriculture and cost a lot to control once they colonize here.

Some of the high priority invasive spe-

cies in this area include scotch broom, yellow flag iris and Himalayan blackberry. By eradicating these invasive plants that have a limited distribution, people can reduce the impact they have on the environment.

Any interested groups, including non-profit societies, community service groups, and school or church groups can become involved. It's a wonderful way to promote stewardship, encourage a family activity, and raise money for an organization.

Visit the CKIPC web site for more details and application guidelines, or contact the CKIPC coordinator at 352-

1160.

- submitted

CITY COUNCIL

# A plea to take action on invasive weeds

By TIMOTHY SCHAFER Daily News Staff

The message has been sent: You aren't welcome in the community.

Not that Nelson is an inhospitable place to live, it just isn't the home for invasive weeds.

With plants like common tansy, purple loose strife and Scotch broom now making Nelson and the West Kootenay home, efforts are underway to move them out.

The trouble with plants that aren't native to the region are they have no natural predators, nothing to keep them in check, Nancie Dohan told city council Monday night.

See WEEDS/Page 9

Nelson Daily News

## Weeds create a 'mono culture'

Continued from Page 3

The coordinator for the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee informed council at the Monday committee of the whole meeting about their intentions to deal with the weeds and gain their support

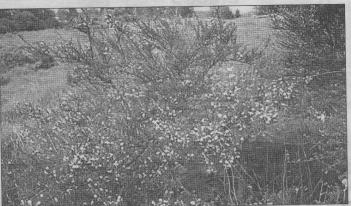
"What all these plants do is create a mono culture," she said. "Therefore they decrease bio-diversity in the area and squeeze other, native plants out."

Many of these invasive weeds are on city property, Dohan said. She asked for council's support on education and awareness to help keep the weeds in check. The key to controlling the weeds is prevention, she pointed out.

She asked the city to train their staff to identify invasive plants and develop a best management practices aimed at preventing a spread of the plants in the city.

Those practices include regular mowing of roadsides, parks, vacant lots and other areas with invasive plants. After mowing, the equipment used should be cleaned to not transport seeds between sites.

It was also recommended to mow before seeds are produced and re-seed bare soil as soon as possi-





Scotch Broom (top of page) and common tansy are two bad ones on the list.

Dohan's proposal for information and will be considering later during a regular council meeting.

The committee formed in 2005 and have focused on raising awareness, conducting inventories of high priority species in the area and coordinating management.

The invasive plant

priority goals and objectives of invasive plant management.

For more information

on the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee see www.kootenayweeds.com/regional.php.





# Know what is growing in your garden

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee wants gardeners to know what's in their garden.

Invasive non-native plant species are introduced into Canada without the natural predators that keep them under control in their countries of origin. These plants, like knapweed and toadflax, can quickly take over native habitats, choking out native plants, degrading wildlife habitat, and reducing biodiversity. As well, these species can affect local agriculture by reducing crop quality and yield, reducing forage availability, and increasing soil erosion.

Some of the invasive non-native plant species that are causing problems in the Central Kootenay were brought in (and continue to be sold or transplanted) as garden ornamentals. Because these plants are very beautiful and easy to grow, they are popular garden choices. However, these plants can "jump the garden fence" and spread into our native ecosystems and once established, they are extremely difficult to control. Some garden ornamentals that are invasive

in the West Kootenay include Japanese and giant knotweed, Scotch broom, blueweed, yellow flag iris, policeman's helmet and purple loosestrife.

For a list of invasive species in the Central Kootenay, as well as alternative garden species to plant and voluntary codes of conduct, see http://www.kootenayweeds.com/gardeners.php.

For more information on the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee, visit our website or call (250) 352-1160.

- submitted

## Community

Nelson Daily News

Friday, July 11, 2008 - PAGE 11

# CONTRIBUTED Special to the Daily News The season is changing and people are getting out in their gardens, appreciating the beautiful of the colourful flowers seed mixes are often a popular choice since they are easy to plant, result in diverse. Blank thowers, and promote native wild flowers nor they? Wildflower mixes contain seeds from a variety of species and often problems. Constain seeds from a variety of species and often problems from the conduction of the problems from mixed through the problems from mixed through the problems from mixed through the problems from the garbage, especially on the garbag Invasive plants lurking in wildflower seed mixes



**Invasive Plants Lurking** 

The season is changing and people are getting out in their gardens, appreciating the beauty of the colourful flowers that are springing up. Wildflower seed mixes are often a popular choice since they are easy to plant, result in diverse flowers, and promote native wild flowers. Or do they?!

Wildflower mixes contain seeds from a variety of species and often include invasive non-native species that cause problems in our local ecosystems. One study in 2003 analyzed native wildflower seeds mixes from nine companies and found that each one contained between 3 and 13 invasive plant species. Seeds from one company contained nothing but introduced and potentially invasive species.

Blueweed, Echium vulgare, is a non-native invasive species that has been brought to our region through wildflower seed mixes. This plant spreads prolifically by seed, producing 500 to 2000 seeds per plant. Infesting grasslands and pastures, blueweed can impact both our ecosystems and economy. Like other invasive plant species, it is extremely difficult to get rid of once established.

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee is conducting an inventory of blueweed this summer. It is currently known only in Nakusp, Creston/Wynndel, and Powder Creek. Blueweed can be distinguished from lupines, a common blue flower on roadsides, because blueweed does not have whorls of leaves on the stem and is covered in sharp stiff hairs. If you have seen blueweed outside the known areas, please report locations to the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee by emailing: coordinator@kootenayweeds.com or call 250-352-1160.

Please control stands of this plant by pulling and bagging them if you can. Invasive plants should go in the garbage, especially if they are already seeding. The RDKB landfills do not charge a tipping fee for invasive plant waste, so let them know what you have.

For more detailed information on blueweed and other invasive plants and what you can do to control them, see www.kootenayweeds.com.

Penmy wise



## The Pennywise, 7 October 2008.

Aquatic Invaders
In the West Kootenay
The West Kootenay
The West Kootenay
The West Kootenay
The West Kootenay water-related activities of the West Kootenay, including boating, kayaking, fishing wildlife species, such as White Sturgeon, prortier our rare carried about non-native aquatic invaders!

The West Kootenay
Th

Invasive aquatic species, such as Eurasian water-milfoil, quagga mussel, and zebra mussel, can impact local swimming and boating, and impact fish habitat. Once equipment, fishing gear, and even rubber boots.

cont'd on pg 22

## Aquatic Invaders In the West Kootenay contd from pg 21

Find out more about these species during a free, 3-hour workshop on Thursday, October 23 from 9 am until noon at the Prestige Lakeside Resort in Nelson. Discover how to identify these invasive species, try out sampling equipment, and learn what you can do to prevent their spread.

It's free, but you must pre-register by contacting the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee (CKIPC) at 250-352-1160 or email: coordinator@kootenayweeds. com

#### - Friends of Parks and Trails - NEWSLETTER - February 2008 - Page 6 -

#### Looks Can Be Deceiving

Submitted by Nancie Dohan, Coordinator, Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee

Although winter still appears to have us in its grips in the Central Kootenays, it won't be long until the Earth's soil starts stirring, and flowers begin to grow and grace our landscapes once more. But take heed because lurking amongst the native flowers, are the weeds!

There is a growing interest amongst outdoor enthusiasts about invasive or non-native plants, as there aren't too many places you can enjoy a walk or a bike ride nowadays where Knapweed and other non-native species aren't vigorously growing alongside native plants.





Volunteers at a weed pulling "party"

Invasive plants are considered the 2nd largest threat to biodiversity in the world. Most are brought to Canada accidentally or as garden ornamentals, and hence have no natural predators that would help to keep their populations under control. They spread rapidly, and form dense patches over large areas, choking out native vegetation. Since animals rarely eat these non-native plants, infestations can affect wildlife, rangeland and the natural beauty of an area.

Looks can be deceiving – Yellow flag iris, Blueweed, and Orange hawkweed are just a few amongst many flowers that grow in the Central Kootenays in the spring and summer, that are actually wreaking havoc on our natural landscapes. Look closely, and you will see vast areas being populated by these aggressive plants.

As you get out, stretch your legs, and enjoy the beauty of the wild areas close to our hearts and homes in the Kootenays, here are a few suggestions of things you can do to help curb the spread of invasive plants:

- a) Become familiar with invasive plant species in your area (visit our website at <a href="https://www.kootenayweeds.com">www.kootenayweeds.com</a>)
- b) Check your clothing and bike for invasive plant fragments and seeds; place seeds in a refuse bin or bag, to properly dispose of later

(continued on next page)

CASTLEGAR FRIENDS OF PARKS AND TRAILS ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING Tuesday, February 26<sup>th</sup>, 7:00pm, Columbia Room, Castlegar and District Recreation Complex. Meeting followed by "Travels in South Africa" presentation by Peter Macek.

#### - Friends of Parks and Trails - NEWSLETTER - February 2008 - Page 7 -

(Looks Can Be Deceiving ...continued)

c) Stay on designated trails and roads, and avoid crossing weed-infested areas

d) Organize a weed-pull or reclamation project with club members in cooperation with the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee



Could a weed pulling "party" actually be as much fun as it looks like these folks had?

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee is a local non-profit society, formed in 2005, to raise awareness of invasive plants and their impacts. For more information and to learn more about invasive species in your area visit <a href="https://www.kootenayweeds.com">www.kootenayweeds.com</a> or call the Kootenay Weeds Information Line at (250) 352-1160.

Nelson Daily News

#### May 29/2008

## Weeds create a 'mono culture'

Continued from Page 3

The coordinator for the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee informed council at the Monday committee of the whole meeting about their intentions to deal with the weeds and gain their support.

"What all these plants do is create a mono culture," she said. "Therefore they decrease bio-diversity in the area and squeeze other, native plants out."

other, native plants out."

Many of these invasive weeds are on city property, Dohan said. She asked for council's support on education and awareness to help keep the weeds in check. The key to controlling the weeds is prevention, she pointed out.

She asked the city to train their staff to identify invasive plants and develop a best management practices aimed at preventing a spread of the plants in the city.

Those practices include regular mowing of roadsides, parks, vacant lots and other areas with invasive plants. After mowing, the equipment used should be cleaned to not transport seeds between

It was also recommended to mow before seeds are produced and re-seed bare soil as soon as possible.

Council accepted





Scotch Broom (top of page) and common tansy are two bad ones on the list.

Dohan's proposal for information and will be considering later during a regular council meeting.

The committee formed in 2005 and have focused on raising awareness, conducting inventories of high priority species in the area and coordinating management.

The invasive plant strategy was created in 2007 and includes high priority goals and objectives of invasive plant management.

For more information

on the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee see www.kootenayweeds.com/regional.php.

**CITY COUNCIL** 

# A plea to take action on invasive weeds

By TIMOTHY SCHAFER Daily News Staff

The message has been sent: You aren't welcome in the community.

Not that Nelson is an inhospitable place to live, it just isn't the home for invasive weeds.

With plants like common tansy, purple loose strife and Scotch broom now making Nelson and the West Kootenay home, efforts are underway to move them out.

The trouble with plants that aren't native to the region are they have no natural predators, nothing to keep them in check, Nancie Dohan told city council Monday night.

See WEEDS/Page 9



Volunteers from Rossland Co-op Radio pulled weeds as part of the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee's "Communities Pulling Together" initiative, which ran in June and July. Groups can receive \$250 for helping with the effort to keep non-native weeds from taking over areas in the region. June 20/08

BY EVA CAMERON Times Contributor

Several volunteer groups in the West Kootenay participated in the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee's "Communities Pulling Together" program in June and July.

The groups spent a few hours pulling invasive plants in their communities at high priority sites that are threatening wetland habitat or are isolated stands of a yet-to-be widely distributed invasive plant species.

The groups controlled Policeman's Helmet (Impatiens glandulifera), Scotch broom (Cytisus scoparius), greater knapweed (Centaurea nigra), Japanese knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum) and hoary alyssum (Berteroa incana).

Many volunteers learned more about the threat invasive plant species pose to habitat and agriculture and looked at insects, called biocontrols, that have been release to control some invasive species like spotted knapweed, Dalmation toadflax and St. John's wort.

These plants are all introduced, non-native plant species that have been spread here without their natural predators to control them, so they are very aggressive.

They compete with native plants reducing biodiversity and have become a huge management problem and cost for parks, forestry, utility and agricultural lands.

Many of the public are aware of invasive plants like spotted knapweed and can see the impact it has had in the Kootenays, but don't know how to recognize other invasive plant species which are not yet as large a problem to manage.

By participating in these community pulls, individuals can learn better

how to identify these plants in their community, and at the sites they control the plants they get a first-hand experience in management and containment of a species that is not every-

Reducing the spread of these plants makes a huge difference when there isn't a large distribution of them yet. How these plants are spread by people is discussed and observed at each site as well.

In recognition of these volunteer group's efforts, the groups received a \$250 honorarium as well as refreshments and gifts.

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee is still accepting applications from volunteer groups for 2008!

For more information about invasive plants and information about this program and application forms, visit: http://kootenayweeds.com

## Community

Nelson Daily News

Friday, July 11, 2008 - PAGE 11

## Invasive plants lurking in wildflower seed mixes

Special to the Daily News

The season is changing and people are getting out in their gardens, appreci-ating the beautiful of the colourful flowers that are springing up.

Wildflower seed mixes are often a popular choice since they are easy to plant, result in diverse flowers, and promote native wild flowers. Or do they?

Wildflower mixes contain seeds from a variety of species and often include invasive nonnative species that cause problems in our local ecosystems.

One study in 2003 analyzed native wildflower seeds mixes from nine companies and found that one contained between three and 13 invasive plant species.

Seeds from one company contained nothing but introduced and potentially invasive specie

Blueweed, Echium vulgare, is a non-native invasive species that has been brought to our region through wildflower seed

This plant spreads prolifically by seed, produc-ing 500 to 2000 seeds per

Infesting grasslands and pastures, blueweed can impact both our ecosystems and economy. Like other invasive plant species, it is extremely difficult to get rid of once established.

The Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee is conducting an inventory of blueweed this summer. It is currently known only Nakusp, in Creston/Wynndel, and Powder Creek.

Blueweed can be distinguished from lupines, a common blue flower on roadsides, because blueweed does not have whorls of leaves on the stem and is covered in sharp stiff hairs.

If you have seen blueweed outside the known areas, please report locations to the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee by emailing:

coordinator@kootenay weeds.com or calling (250)

352-1160. bagging them if you can.
Please control stands of this plant by pulling and in the garbage, especially

if they are already seeding. The RDKB landfills do not charge a tipping fee for have.

them know what you

## Pull invasive plants for money

Community groups can earn a \$250 honorarium and help to reduce ecological imports of imports and instances and instances are a second control of the control

cal impacts of invasive plants.

Communities Pulling Together encourages community groups to become local stewards by controlling invasive plants at a high priority invasive plant site in their area with the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee.

Invasive plants are introduced, nonnative plant species that take over the landscape. Because they arrive in Canada without natural predators to control them, they choke out native plants, threaten biodiversity, affect agriculture and cost a lot to control once they colonize here.

Some of the high priority invasive spe-

cies in this area include scotch broom, yellow flag iris and Himalayan blackberry. By eradicating these invasive plants that have a limited distribution, people can reduce the impact they have on the environment.

Any interested groups, including non-profit societies, community service groups, and school or church groups can become involved. It's a wonderful way to promote stewardship, encourage a family activity, and raise money for an organization.

Visit the CKIPC web site for more details and application guidelines, or contact the CKIPC coordinator at 352-

Expless May 28/08 - submitted

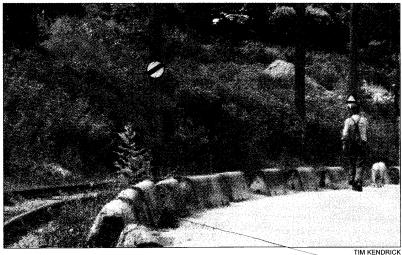
# EXPRESS NOV. 19, 2008 Invasive-plant photo contest winners

This year's winners of the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee's Weed Photo Contest have been awarded their prizes.

Tim Kendrick and Ida Koric won first and second place respectively in the impacted habitats category. Laurie Meers and Bea Shumey placed first and second respectively for their photos in the human impacts and invasive plants category.

Mike Mayrhofer of Vogue Studios and Nancie Dohan, past coordinator for the CKIPC, judged the photos for this second annual photo contest.

The goals of the contest were to raise awareness about invasive plants in the Central Kootenays and to increase the CKIPC photo database for future educa-



Tim Kendrick's photo of how the common tansy has taken over the land between the streetcar and train tracks won first place in the impacted habitats category.

tional outreach programs.
Since its formation in 2005, the non-profit society

of the Central Kootenay Invasive Plant Committee continues to play a key

role in invasive plant education, awareness and management.

## APPENDIX D: PLANT PRIORITY LIST, 2008.

For further information on each species, including a map of known locations, see the CKIPC Invasive Plant Profiles at <a href="http://www.kootenayweeds.com/profiles.php">http://www.kootenayweeds.com/profiles.php</a>

<b>Invasive Plant</b>		Legis-		<b>Known Infestation in the Central Kootenay</b>
Category	]	lation		
CATEĞORY 1	$WCA^1$	FRPA <sup>2</sup>	CCA <sup>3</sup>	New species not present in BC or in the Central Kootenay area but likely to establish if introduced. Early detection and rapid response is the main management focus. NOT KNOWN IN CENTRAL KOOTENAY - REPORT ALL SIGHTINGS
Black Knapweed (Centaurea nigra)		•		Ferry, Stevens, Pend Oreille Counties in Washington State.
Common bugloss (Anchusa officinalis)		•		Rock Creek, Kelowna, south Okanagan, and Keremeos. Ferry and Pend Oreille Counties in Washington State.
Gorse (Ulex europaeus)		•	•	Southern Vancouver Island, Gulf and Queen Charlotte Islands. West coast Washington State.
Marsh thistle (Cirsium palustre)		•		Cariboo, Robson valley between McBride and Prince George.
Nodding thistle (Carduus nutans)		•		Boundary, Similkameen, and Okanagan. Idaho State. Okanogan, Spokane, Pend Oreille Counties in Washington State.
Perennial pepperweed (Lepidium latifolium)		•		Vancouver, Walachin, Cranbrook, and Windermere. Ferry, Stevens, Pend Oreille Counties in Washington State. Boundary County, Idaho.
Puncturevine (Tribulus terrestris)		•		South Okanagan from Oliver to Osooyos Lake. Okanagan County, Washington State. Idaho State. Protect entry into Pend d'Oreille.
Russian knapweed (Acroptilon repens)		•		Thompson, Okanagan and Kootenay. Okanogan, Ferry, Stevens, Pend Oreille Counties in Washington State. Idaho State.
Tansy ragwort (Senecio jacobeae)		•	•	Lower mainland, southern Vancouver Island, south Okanagan. Idaho State.
Yellow starthistle (Centaurea solstitialis)		•	•	Stevens County, Washington State. Protect entry into Pend d'Oreille and Creston area.
CATEGORY 2				New species to the CKIPC area with limited distribution and low density on infested sites. Species invading susceptible habitats, sensitive areas, or sites containing redor blue-listed species. New infestations of established species in the area beyond the original population. ERADICATION OR ANNUAL CONTROL IS THE MAIN MANAGEMENT FOCUS. CHECK IAPP FOR KNOWN SITES AND REPORT NEW LOCATIONS.
Blueweed (Echium vulgare)	P	•		Known from only a few small sites in Creston area, Powder Creek, and south of Nakusp. Distribution is spreading in Creston so control is main focus there. Report sightings outside these areas.
Hoary cress (Cardaria draba)		•		On private land and roadsides in Columbia Gardens and in Rossland. Report sightings outside these areas.
Himalayan blackberry (Rubus discolor)			•	Known in Castlegar, Kokanee Creek Park, and Syringa Park. Rionndel, Kaslo, Creston, Trail and Blewett. Report all sites as inventory will be conducted in 2008.
Knotweed (Japanese, Giant and Bohemian) ( <i>Polygonum</i> spp.)		•		Found throughout the Central Kootenay. Being introduced as a garden ornamental. Report isolated and remote sites.
Leafy spurge (Euphorbia esula)	P	•	•	East Kootenay, Boundary. Eradicated at one site in the CKIPC area. One site present in Creston being treated annually.

Weed Control Act; P=Provincial Noxious; R=Regional Noxious for Central Kootenay
Forest and Range Practices Act
Community Charter Act

-				
Mouse-ear hawkweed ( <i>Hieracium pilosella</i> )		•	•	Known in Kokanee Creek Park and Champion Lakes Provincial Park. Report all sightings.
Russian olive				
(Elaeagnus				Limited distribution in Nelson on private land. More inventory
angustifolia)				required.
Salt Cedar				Known sites on private land throughout Central Kootenay. Inventory
				, , ,
(Tamarix aphylla)				required.
Scotch thistle				Known from one site between Nelson and Castlegar on private land.
(Onopordum		•		Previously found at two locations in the Pend d'Oreille (mid-1990's)
acanthium)				but it was handpulled. Report all sightings.
Teasel (Fuller's)				Known from one site in the Pend D'Oreille, and on the highway just
(Dipsacus fullonum)				north of Patterson. Report sightings outside these areas.
Yellow Bedstraw				Known only at Kokanee Creek Park. Samples to be collected.
(Galium verum)				,
Yellow Flag Iris				Found in the Creston Valley Wildlife Management Area, Kootenay
(Iris psedacorus)		•		Lake, Erie Lake, Meldeanna Pond, Nancy Greene Lake and other
(IIIS pseudeorus)				remote areas. Report sites outside these areas.
CATECORY 2				Established infestations along transportation corridors and areas of concentrated
CATEGORY 3				activities such as trails, campgrounds, parking lots, garbage dumps, maintenance
				yards, and gravel pits. These species are well established in some parts of the
				Central Kootenay but not present throughout most of the region. CONTROL AND
				CONTAINMENT ARE THE MAIN MANAGEMENT FOCUS. REPORT SIGHTINGS IN
				AREAS OUTSIDE KNOWN DISTRIBUTION.
Baby's breath		•	•	Found in the Robson area, Edgewood and Creston. Report sightings
(Gypsophila paniculata)				outside these locations.
Black locust				Found throughout the Trail area and on the north shore of Kootenay
(Robinia pseudoacacia)				Lake. Report sites outside these areas.
Bristly locust				Found in the Trail/Fruitvale areas and Kokanee Creek Park. Report
(Robinia hispida)				sites outside these areas.
Brown knapweed				Known from one site between Nakusp and Fauquier. Very similar to
(Centaurea jacea)		•		Meadow Creek. Report sightings outside this area.
Common tansy	R			Found throughout the Central Kootenay. Range is expanding along
(Tanacetum vulgare)		•		roadsides and through riparian areas. Report remote or isolated
(Tanaootam vargaro)				sites, and sites north of Slocan.
Diffuse knapweed	Р			Only known infestation is in the west end of the Pend d'Orielle valley
	Г			
(Centaurea diffusa)		•		and at Columbia Gardens. (Not to be confused with the white
				flowered spotted knapweed that is often seen in Castlegar and
				Salmo/Fruitvale). Report sites outside these areas.
Eurasian water-milfoil				Almost eradicated in Champion Lakes. Reports in Kootenai River
(Myriophyllum			•	from Bonner's Ferry to Porthill in Idaho. Confirmed in Kooteny River
spicatum)				and Kootenay Lake.
Field scabious	R	_		Known only in Salmo, with isolated patches near Ymir (Porcupine
(Knautia arvensis)		•		Road) and Meadows. Report sightings outside these areas.
Hairy cat's ear				Known from Thrums to Nelson, north shore of Kootenay Lake, and
(Hypochaeris radicata)				Fauquier.
Hoary alyssum	R			Found throughout the Central Kootenay. Main infestation is the Pend
(Berteroa incana)	'`			d'Oreille/Columbia Gardens/Fruitvale area with increasing
(Donorda indana)		_		populations in the Castlegar/Robson to Deer Park areas. Sporadic
		•		
				to Nelson and Balfour, increasing in Harrop/Procter. Report sightings
Mandaulus				north of Slocan, and isolated/remote areas.
Meadow knapweed				Found throughout the Fauquier/Octopus Creek, East Arrow, Nakusp
(Centaurea pratensis)		•		to Fauquier areas. One patch in Incommappleux. Report sightings
				outside this area.
Orange hawkweed	R			Found throughout the Central Kootenay in relatively low abundance,
(Hieracium		•		although dense patches in Nelson, northshore, Kaslo and north.
aurantiacum)				Report isolated or remote sites.

Plumeless thistle	R			Known from a few sites in the Pend D'Oreille amd Columbia
(Carduus acanthoides)		•		Gardens. Found in Creston in the mid-1990's and was treated.
				Report sites outside these areas.
Policeman's helmet/				Known in the southern portion of the Central Kootenay region.
Himalayan balsam			•	Introduced as a garden ornamental. Report isolated and remote
(Impatiens glandulifera)				sites.
Purple Loosestrife				Currently found from the 6-mile area of the north shore of Nelson
· ·				
(Lythrum salicaria)				along Kootenay Lake and River to the Kootenay Canal area near
		•	•	Shoreacres. One patch in Fauquier. A few plants were found at the
				oxbow near Selkirk College ten years ago. Report isolated and
				remote sites.
Queen Anne's Lace				Relatively abundant from Nakusp to Fauquier and Whatshan. Also
(Daucus carota)				found up to Meadow Creek, Nakusp, and Slocan Valley.
Rush skeletonweed	Р			Contain to Crescent Valley, Krestova, Passmore, and Pass Creek.
(Chondrilla juncea)				Two small sites near Creston – one at the Sirdar railway siding; the
(		•	•	other on Beam Ave. in Erickson are treated annually. One extremely
				small site (1 plant) was discovered in Harrop at the start of the Lasca
Scentless chamomile	Р			Creek road. Report all sites outside these areas.  Known from Edgewood, Burton, Giveout Creek, Smallwood and one
	-	•	•	
(Matricaria maritime)	1			site on private land in Harrop. Report sites outside these areas.
Scotch broom				Found in the lower Central Kootenay area (Nelson, Riondel,
(Cytisus scoparius)		•	•	Creston, Salmo, Fruitvale, Trail, Castlegar) and Nakusp areas.
				Being introduced as an ornamental. Report remote or isolated sites.
Siberian Elm				Widely distributed throughout the region. Inventory required and
(Ulmus pumila)				planned for 2008.
Wormwood (Absinth)				Found throughout the Creston to Moyie area, Slocan Lake and
(Artemesia absinthium)				Shutty Bench. Report sites outside this area.
CATEOGRY 4				Established low to high density infestations that are widely distributed throughout the
				Central Kootenay area and/or have biocontrol options. BIOCONTROL OR CONTROL AT HIGH PRIORITY SITES ARE THE PRIMARY MANAGEMENT FOCUSES.
Bull thistle				Found throughout the Central Kootenay
(Cirsium vulgare)		•	•	·
Burdock				Found sporadically throughout the Central Kootenay
(Arctium minus)		•		
Canada thistle	Р			Found throughout the Central Kootenay. Biocontrol options
(Cirsium arvense)		•	•	available.
Common toadflax	Р			Found scattered throughout the Central Kootenay
(Linaria vulgaris)	١.		•	Today ocaliorod infoughout the Contrar Rectoriay
(Elliana valgano)				
Dalmatian toadflax	Р			Found on the east shore of Kootenay Lake, Nelson,
(Linaria dalmatica)			•	Castlegar/Robson to Trail, Columbia Gardens/Seven Mile dam
(Linana daimatica)		•		
Downy brone	-			areas and Needles/East Arrow Park. Biocontrol option available.
Downy brome			•	
(Bromus tectorum)	_			Formal anima with in the Dougl DiOne West of Construction 20
Hound's tongue	Р			Found primarily in the Pend D'Oreille and Creston areas, with
(Cynoglossum		•	•	smaller populations in Blewett (Kay's road), Harrop and Fruitvale.
officinale)		_		Biocontrol option available. Report large infestations outside these
	1			areas.
Oxeye daisy				Found throughout the Central Kootenay.
(Leucanthemum		•		
vulgare)				
Spotted knapweed	Р			Found throughout the Central Kootenay area except in only small
(Centaurea		_	_	patches in East Arrow Park, Incommapleux Valley, and high
biebersteinii)		•	•	elevations. Biocontrol options available. Report remote/isolated
<i>'</i>				patches.
	1			

### Invasive Plant Priority List for Central Kootenay as of May 2008

St. John's Wort (Hypericum perforatum)	•	•	Throughout the Central Kootenay. Biocontrol has been used since 1950's.
Sulphur cinquefoil (Potentilla recta)	•		Found sporadically throughout the Central Kootenay, with greater abundance in drier areas, particularly in the Pend D'Oreille valley and Robson to Deer Park areas.
Yellow hawkweeds (Hieracium spp.)	•	•	Found throughout the Central Kootenay. Difficult to identify to species. Inventory required.

Site priorities designated by a "-" mean that this species has not yet been recorded in the Central Kootenay, or have been eradicated.